

```

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspal642cxy

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

***** Welcome to STN International *****
NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 3 APR 09 BELSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
NEWS 4 APR 09 ZDB will be removed from STN
NEWS 5 APR 19 US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDS
NEWS 6 APR 22 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
NEWS 7 APR 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS 8 APR 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
NEWS 9 JUN 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS 10 JUN 10 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 11 JUN 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 12 JUL 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 JUL 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14 JUL 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15 JUL 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 16 AUG 08 CANCELIT reload
NEWS 17 AUG 08 PHARMALetter(Pharmaml) - new on STN
NEWS 18 AUG 08 NITIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19 AUG 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
now available on STN
NEWS 20 AUG 19 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDS have been reloaded
NEWS 21 AUG 19 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 22 AUG 26 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS 23 SEP 03 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced

NEWS EXPRESS February 1 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0d,
CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 FEBRUARY 2002
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer
agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific
research. Use for software development or design or implementation
of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may
result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

***** STN Columbus *****

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:31:47 ON 11 SEP 2002

=> file uspatfull
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST
SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION
0.21 0.21

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 07:32:03 ON 11 SEP 2002
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 10 Sep 2002 (20020910/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Sep 2002 (20020910/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6449768
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2002124292
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 10 Sep 2002 (20020910/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 10 Sep 2002 (20020910/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: JUN 2002
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: JUN 2002

>>> USPAT2 is now available. USPATFULL contains full text of the
>>> original, i.e., the earliest published granted patents or
>>> applications. USPAT2 contains full text of the latest US
>>> publications, starting in 2001, for the inventions covered in
>>> USPATFULL. A USPATFULL record contains not only the original
>>> published document but also a list of any subsequent
>>> publications. The publication number, patent kind code, and
>>> publication date for all the US publications for an invention
>>> are displayed in the PI (Patent Information) field of USPATFULL.
>>> Records and may be searched in standard search fields, e.g., /FN,
>>> /PK, etc.

>>> USPATFULL and USPAT2 can be accessed and searched together
>>> through the new cluster USPATALL. Type FILE USPATALL to
>>> enter this cluster.

>>> Use USPATALL when searching terms such as patent assignees,
>>> classifications, or claims, that may potentially change from
>>> the earliest to the latest publication.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
substance identification.

=> s hsp70 or heat shock protein 70
755 HSP70
770260 HEAT
47354 HEATS
776269 HEAT
(HEAT OR HEATS)
131043 SHOCK
24872 SHOCKS
143087 SHOCK
(SHOCK OR SHOCKS)
118760 PROTEIN
97209 PROTEINS
138809 PROTEIN
(PROTEIN OR PROTEINS)
1234377 70
161 HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70
(HEAT (W) SHOCK (W) PROTEIN (W) 70)
820 HSP70 OR HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70

L1

=> s ll and adjuvant
30044 ADJUVANT
37879 ADJUVANTS

```

54394 ADJUVANT  
(ADJUVANT OR ADJUVANTS)

L2 340 L1 AND ADJUVANT

=> dup rem l2  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2  
L3 340 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l3 not py->1999  
L4 340 S L3  
L5 816008 PY->1999  
46 L4 NOT PY->1999

=> d l5 1-10 ab

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB A protein, Leukocyte Derived Growth Factor 2 (hereinafter LDGF2) having PDGF-like activity is described. LDGF2 reacts with PDGF receptors and possesses mitogenic and/or chemotactic activity for various cell types, particularly connective tissue cells. LDGF2 may be used as the active ingredient in therapeutic compositions, e.g. wound healing compositions, or even further may be used as an additive to cell culture media for the purpose of stimulating cell growth. The protein has a molecular weight of about 7000 daltons determined by SDS gel electrophoresis and is about 61 amino acids in length.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB Disclosed is a Drosophila grim gene and encoded GRIM polypeptide, an activator of apoptosis. The disclosed nucleic acid sequences are useful in the production of the protein and as hybridization probes and primers. Expression of the GRIM protein causes programmed cell death. Preferred embodiments include expression of grim under the control of an inducible promoter and the use of such a construct in the control of an insect population.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB Disclosed is a method for determining whether a test protein is capable of interacting with a nuclear hormone receptor protein. The method involves: (a) providing a host cell which contains (i) a reporter gene operably linked to a protein binding site; (ii) a first fusion gene which expresses a first fusion protein, the first fusion protein including a nuclear hormone receptor protein covalently bonded to a binding moiety which is capable of specifically binding to the protein binding site; and (iii) a second fusion gene which expresses a second fusion protein, the second fusion protein including the test protein covalently bonded to a weak gene activating moiety; and (b) determining whether the test protein increases expression of the reporter gene as an indication of its ability to interact with the nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. Also disclosed is purified DNA encoding thyroid hormone receptor-interacting proteins and the polypeptides expressed from such DNA.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example, to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 46 USPATFULL

AB The present invention relates to the use of a group of propargylamines of the general formula (I) ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 is hydrogen or CH.sub.3 and R.sub.2 is (CH.sub.2).sub.n CH.sub.3 and n is an integer from 0 to 16, and salts thereof, as cellular rescue agents in the treatment and prevention of diseases in which cell death occurs by apoptosis. Some of the compounds of formula I are novel. The invention is also directed to the use of these compounds in the treatment of these diseases, as well as to processes for the preparation of the compounds.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB The present invention relates to methods and compositions for eliciting an immune response and the prevention and treatment of primary and metastatic neoplastic diseases and infectious diseases. The methods of the invention comprise administering a composition comprising an effective amount of a complex, in which the complex consists essentially of a heat shock protein (hsp) noncovalently bound to an antigenic molecule. "Antigenic molecule" as used herein refers to the peptides with which the hsp's are endogenously associated in vivo as well as exogenous antigens/immunogens (i.e., with which the hsp's are not complexed in vivo) or antigenic/immunogenic fragments and derivatives thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the complex is autologous to the individual. The effective amounts of the complex are in the range of 10-600 micrograms for complexes comprising hsp70, 50-1000 micrograms for hsp90, and 10-600 micrograms for gp96. The invention also provides a method for measuring tumor rejection in vivo in an individual, preferably a human, comprising measuring the generation by the individual of MHC Class I-restricted CD8+ cytotoxic T lymphocytes specific to the tumor. Methods of purifying hsp70-peptide complexes are also provided.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB Methods and compositions for treating CF by mobilizing mutant forms of CFTR, which retain at least some functional activity, to the plasma membrane where they can mediate chloride ion transport are disclosed.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB The present invention provides a human cofactor A-like protein (COAPR) and polynucleotides which identify and encode COAPR. The invention also provides expression vectors, host cells, agonists, antibodies and antagonists. The invention also provides methods for treating disorders associated with expression of COAPR.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB Attenuated vaccinia or canarypox recombinant viruses containing DNA coding for a cytokine and/or a tumor associated antigen, as well as methods and compositions employing the viruses, are disclosed and claimed. The recombinant viruses can be NVAC or ALVAC recombinant viruses. The DNA can code for at least one of: human tumor necrosis factor; nuclear phosphoprotein p53, wildtype or mutant; human melanoma-associated antigen; IL-2; IFN-gamma.; IL-4; GM-CSF; IL-12; B7; erb-B-2 and carcinoembryonic antigen. The recombinant viruses and gene products therefrom are useful for cancer therapy.

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 46 USPATFULL  
AB The present invention relates to recombinant mycobacteria, particularly recombinant M. bovis BCG, which express heterologous DNA encoding a product (protein or polypeptide) of interest, such as a protein or polypeptide (e.g., an antigen) against which an immune response is desired, or a cytokine.

=> d 1-10 1b1b

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 46 USPATFULL

1998:157146 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: DNA encoding leukocyte derived growth factor-2 (LDGF-2)  
 TITLE: Grotendorst, Gary R., Miami, FL, United States  
 INVENTOR(S): Iida, Naoko, Miami Beach, FL, United States  
 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA, TAMPA, FL, United States  
 (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5849534		19981215
US 1995-465095		19950605 (8)

Division of Ser. No. US 1994-179656, filed on 7 Jan 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-1177, filed on 7 Jan 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-472377, filed on 1 Feb 1990, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Lahive & Cockfield, LLP, DeConti, Jr., Giulio A., Hanley, Elizabeth A.  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 24  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 24  
 LINE COUNT: 1666  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154085 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Invertebrate apoptosis gene "GRIM" and methods of producing the protein encoded thereby  
 INVENTOR(S): Abrams, John W., Dallas, TX, United States  
 Chen, Po, Dallas, TX, United States  
 Nordstrom, William, Dallas, TX, United States  
 Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5846768		19981208
US 1996-684101		19960722 (8)

UTILITY  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10  
 LINE COUNT: 2475  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154029 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Nuclear hormone receptor-interacting polypeptides and related molecules and methods  
 INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D., Hingham, MA, United States  
 Lee, Jae Woon, Somerville, MA, United States  
 The General Hospital Corporation, Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5846711		19981208
US 1994-222719		19940404 (8)

1998:157146 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: DNA encoding leukocyte derived growth factor-2 (LDGF-2)  
 TITLE: Grotendorst, Gary R., Miami, FL, United States  
 INVENTOR(S): Iida, Naoko, Miami Beach, FL, United States  
 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA, TAMPA, FL, United States  
 (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5849534		19981215
US 1995-465095		19950605 (8)

Division of Ser. No. US 1994-179656, filed on 7 Jan 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-1177, filed on 7 Jan 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-472377, filed on 1 Feb 1990, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Lahive & Cockfield, LLP, DeConti, Jr., Giulio A., Hanley, Elizabeth A.  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 24  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 24  
 LINE COUNT: 1666  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154085 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Invertebrate apoptosis gene "GRIM" and methods of producing the protein encoded thereby  
 INVENTOR(S): Abrams, John W., Dallas, TX, United States  
 Chen, Po, Dallas, TX, United States  
 Nordstrom, William, Dallas, TX, United States  
 Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5846768		19981208
US 1996-684101		19960722 (8)

UTILITY  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10  
 LINE COUNT: 2475  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154029 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Nuclear hormone receptor-interacting polypeptides and related molecules and methods  
 INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D., Hingham, MA, United States  
 Lee, Jae Woon, Somerville, MA, United States  
 The General Hospital Corporation, Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5846711		19981208
US 1994-222719		19940404 (8)

1998:151078 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:151078 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins, and uses related thereto  
 INVENTOR(S): Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England  
 McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States  
 Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States  
 President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5844079		19981201
US 1994-356060		19941214 (8)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth H.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E. Foley, Hoag & Eliot LLP  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 41  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22  
 LINE COUNT: 7618  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:147687 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Aliphatic propargylamines as cellular rescue agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Durden, David, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Paterson, Allick, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Davis, Bruce, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Dyck, Lillian, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Yu, Peter, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Li, Ximin, Saskatoon, Canada  
 Boulton, Alan, Saskatoon, Canada  
 University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Canada (non-U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5840979		19981124
US 1997-891904		19970714 (8)

UTILITY  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Burn, Brian M.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Symestvedt & Lechner  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 4  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

867  
LINE COUNT:  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

15 ANSWER 6 OF 46 USPATFULL  
1998:143661 USPATFULL  
TITLE:  
Compositions and methods using complexes of heat shock proteins and antigenic molecules for the treatment and prevention of neoplastic diseases  
Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States  
Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5837251		19981117
US 1995-527391		19950913 (8)
Utility		
Granted		
Faigee, Lila		
Bansal, Gee Tha D.		
Pennie & Edmonds LLP		
33		
1,8,16		
18 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)		
2361		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		

15 ANSWER 7 OF 46 USPATFULL  
1998:138855 USPATFULL  
TITLE:  
Methods and compositions for treating cystic fibrosis  
Cheng, Seng Hing, Wellesley, MA, United States  
Jiang, Canwen, Marlboro, MA, United States  
Genzyme Corporation, Framingham, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5834421		19981110
US 1997-807398		19970227 (8)
Utility		
Granted		
Tsang, Cecilia J.		
Celsa, Bennett		
6		
9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)		
635		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		

15 ANSWER 8 OF 46 USPATFULL  
1998:138682 USPATFULL  
TITLE:  
Polynucleotides encoding a cofactor A-like protein  
Hillman, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States  
Goli, Surya K., Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5834239		19981110
US 1997-825782		19970408 (8)
Utility		
Granted		
Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.		

ASISTANT EXAMINER:  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:  
Mohand-Peterson, Sheela, Billings, Lucy J. Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
9  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200  
201  
202  
203  
204  
205  
206  
207  
208  
209  
210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215  
216  
217  
218  
219  
220  
221  
222  
223  
224  
225  
226  
227  
228  
229  
230  
231  
232  
233  
234  
235  
236  
237  
238  
239  
240  
241  
242  
243  
244  
245  
246  
247  
248  
249  
250  
251  
252  
253  
254  
255  
256  
257  
258  
259  
260  
261  
262  
263  
264  
265  
266  
267  
268  
269  
270  
271  
272  
273  
274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291  
292  
293  
294  
295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306  
307  
308  
309  
310  
311  
312  
313  
314  
315  
316  
317  
318  
319  
320  
321  
322  
323  
324  
325  
326  
327  
328  
329  
330  
331  
332  
333  
334  
335  
336  
337  
338  
339  
340  
341  
342  
343  
344  
345  
346  
347  
348  
349  
350  
351  
352  
353  
354  
355  
356  
357  
358  
359  
360  
361  
362  
363  
364  
365  
366  
367  
368  
369  
370  
371  
372  
373  
374  
375  
376  
377  
378  
379  
380  
381  
382  
383  
384  
385  
386  
387  
388  
389  
390  
391  
392  
393  
394  
395  
396  
397  
398  
399  
400  
401  
402  
403  
404  
405  
406  
407  
408  
409  
410  
411  
412  
413  
414  
415  
416  
417  
418  
419  
420  
421  
422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442  
443  
444  
445  
446  
447  
448  
449  
450  
451  
452  
453  
454  
455  
456  
457  
458  
459  
460  
461  
462  
463  
464  
465  
466  
467  
468  
469  
470  
471  
472  
473  
474  
475  
476  
477  
478  
479  
480  
481  
482  
483  
484  
485  
486  
487  
488  
489  
490  
491  
492  
493  
494  
495  
496  
497  
498  
499  
500  
501  
502  
503  
504  
505  
506  
507  
508  
509  
510  
511  
512  
513  
514  
515  
516  
517  
518  
519  
520  
521  
522  
523  
524  
525  
526  
527  
528  
529  
530  
531  
532  
533  
534  
535  
536  
537  
538  
539  
540  
541  
542  
543  
544  
545  
546  
547  
548

## RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-96027, filed on 22 Jul 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591632 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-711334, filed on 6 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-367894, filed on 19 Jun 1989, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 711334 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-361944, filed on 5 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5504005 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-223089, filed on 22 Jul 1988, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1988-216390, filed on 7 Jul 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-163546, filed on 3 Mar 1988, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 223089 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 163546 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-20451, filed on 2 Mar 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Ralley, II, Johnny F.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 20 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1170  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 1-10 ibib ab

## L5 ANSWER 1 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:157146 USPATFULL  
TITLE: DNA encoding leukocyte derived growth factor-2 (LDGF-2)  
INVENTOR(S): Grotendorst, Gary R., Miami, FL, United States  
Iida, Naoko, Miami Beach, FL, United States  
University of South Florida, Tampa, FL, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5849534 19981215  
US 1995-465095 19950605 (8)  
Division of Ser. No. US 1994-179656, filed on 7 Jan 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-11177, filed on 7 Jan 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-472377, filed on 1 Feb 1990, now abandoned

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Utility  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Lahive & Cockfield, LLP, DeConti, Jr., Giulio A., Hanley, Elizabeth A.

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 24  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 24 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1666

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A protein, Leukocyte Derived Growth Factor 2 (hereinafter LDGF2) having PDGF-like activity is described. LDGF2 reacts with PDGF receptors and possesses mitogenic and/or chemotactic activity for various cell types, particularly connective tissue cells. LDGF2 may be used as the active ingredient in therapeutic compositions, e.g. wound healing compositions, or even further may be used as an additive to cell culture media for the

purpose of stimulating cell growth. The protein has a molecular weight of about 7000 daltons determined by SDS gel electrophoresis and is about 61 amino acids in length.

## L5 ANSWER 2 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154085 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Invertebrate apoptosis gene "GRIM" and methods of producing the protein encoded thereby  
INVENTOR(S): Abrams, John M., Dallas, TX, United States  
Chen, Po, Dallas, TX, United States  
Nordstrom, William, Dallas, TX, United States  
Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5846768 19981208  
US 1996-684101 19960722 (8)  
UTILITY  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Granted  
FILE SEGMENT: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2475  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is a Drosophila grim gene and encoded GRIM polypeptide, an activator of apoptosis. The disclosed nucleic acid sequences are useful in the production of the protein and as hybridization probes and primers. Expression of the GRIM protein causes programmed cell death. Preferred embodiments include expression of grim under the control of an inducible promoter and the use of such a construct in the control of an insect population.

## L5 ANSWER 3 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154029 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Nuclear hormone receptor-interacting polypeptides and related molecules and methods  
INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D., Hingham, MA, United States  
Lee, Jae Woon, Somerville, MA, United States  
The General Hospital Corporation, Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5846711 19981208  
US 1994-222719 19940404 (8)  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-969136, filed on 30 Oct 1992, now abandoned

## RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Utility  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Carlson, Karen Cochran  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Clark & Elbing LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 39 Drawing Figure(s); 37 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1810

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is a method for determining whether a test protein is capable of interacting with a nuclear hormone receptor protein. The method involves: (a) providing a host cell which contains (i) a reporter gene operably linked to a protein binding site; (ii) a first fusion gene which expresses a first fusion protein, the first fusion protein

including a nuclear hormone receptor protein covalently bonded to a binding moiety which is capable of specifically binding to the protein binding site; and (iii) a second fusion gene which expresses a second fusion protein, the second fusion protein including the test protein covalently bonded to a weak gene activating moiety; and (b) determining whether the test protein increases expression of the reporter gene as an indication of its ability to interact with the nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. Also disclosed is purified DNA encoding thyroid hormone receptor-interacting proteins and the polypeptides expressed from such DNA.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:151078 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins, and uses related thereto  
INVENTOR(S): Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England  
McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States  
Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States  
President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 5844079 19981201  
US 1994-356060 19941214 (8)  
RELATED APPL. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth H.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E. Foley, Hoag & Eliot LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 41  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22  
LINE COUNT: 7618  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:147687 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Aliphatic propargylamines as cellular rescue agents  
INVENTOR(S): Durden, David, Saskatoon, Canada  
Paterson, Alick, Saskatoon, Canada  
Davis, Bruce, Saskatoon, Canada  
Dyck, Lillian, Saskatoon, Canada  
Yu, Peter, Saskatoon, Canada  
Li, Ximin, Saskatoon, Canada  
Boulton, Alan, Saskatoon, Canada  
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Canada (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
US 5840979 19981124

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1997-891904 19970714 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Burn, Brian M.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Synnestvedt & Lechner  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 4  
LINE COUNT: 867  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to the use of a group of propargylamines of the general formula (I) ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 is hydrogen or CH.sub.3 and R.sub.2 is (CH.sub.2).sub.n CH.sub.3 and n is an integer from 0 to 16, and salts thereof, as cellular rescue agents in the treatment and prevention of diseases in which cell death occurs by apoptosis. Some of the compounds of formula I are novel. The invention is also directed to the use of these compounds in the treatment of these diseases, as well as to processes for the preparation of the compounds.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:143661 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions and methods using complexes of heat shock proteins and antigenic molecules for the treatment and prevention of neoplastic diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States  
Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 5837251 19981117  
US 1995-527391 19950913 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Feisee, Lila  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Bansal, Gee Tha D.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 33  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1, 8, 16  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 18  
LINE COUNT: 2361  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to methods and compositions for eliciting an immune response and the prevention and treatment of primary and metastatic neoplastic diseases and infectious diseases. The methods of the invention comprise administering a composition comprising an effective amount of a complex, in which the complex consists essentially of a heat shock protein (hsp) noncovalently bound to an antigenic molecule. "Antigenic molecule" as used herein refers to the peptides with which the hsp are endogenously associated in vivo as well as exogenous antigens/immunogens (i.e., with which the hsp are not complexed in vivo) or antigenic/immunogenic fragments and derivatives thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the complex is autologous to the individual. The effective amounts of the complex are in the range of 10-600 micrograms for complexes comprising hsp70, 50-1000 micrograms for hsp90, and 10-600 micrograms for gp96. The invention also provides a method for measuring tumor rejection in vivo in an individual, preferably a human, comprising measuring the generation by the individual of MHC Class I-restricted CD8+ cytotoxic T lymphocytes specific to the tumor. Methods of purifying hsp70-peptide complexes are also provided.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:138855 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for treating cystic fibrosis  
INVENTOR(S): Cheng, Seng Hing, Wellesley, MA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jiang, Canwen, Marlboro, MA, United States  
(U.S. corporation)

US 5834421 19981110  
US 1997-807398 (8)  
UTILITY  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Tsang, Cecilia J.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Celsa, Bennett  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 6  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 9  
LINE COUNT: 9  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Methods and compositions for treating CF by mobilizing mutant forms of CFTR, which retain at least some functional activity, to the plasma membrane where they can mediate chloride ion transport are disclosed.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:138682 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Polynucleotides encoding a cofactor A-like protein  
INVENTOR(S): Hillman, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Goli, Surya K., Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

US 5834239 19981110  
US 1997-825782 (8)  
UTILITY  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Romeo, David S.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Mohan-Peterson, Sheela, Billings, Lucy J. Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3  
LINE COUNT: 3  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a human cofactor A-like protein (COAPR) and polynucleotides which identify and encode COAPR. The invention also provides expression vectors, host cells, agonists, antibodies and antagonists. The invention also provides methods for treating disorders associated with expression of COAPR.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:138427 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Canaripox virus expressing cytokine and/or tumor-associated antigen DNA sequence  
INVENTOR(S): Paolletti, Enzo, Delmar, NY, United States  
Tartaglia, James, Schenectady, NY, United States  
Cox, William I., Troy, NY, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Virogenetics Corporation, Troy, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

US 5833975 19981110  
US 1994-184009 19940119 (8)  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-7115, filed on 21 Jan 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-847951, filed on 6 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-713967, filed on 11 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-666056, filed on 7 Mar 1991, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 7115 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-805567, filed on 16 Dec 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-638080, filed on 7 Jan 1991, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 7115 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-847977, filed on 3 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1990-478179, filed on 14 Feb 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-320471, filed on 8 Mar 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5155020  
UTILITY  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Granted  
FILE SEGMENT: Crouch, Deborah  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP, Frommer, William S., Kowalski, Thomas J.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 46  
LINE COUNT: 33  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Attenuated vaccinia or canarypox recombinant viruses containing DNA coding for a cytokine and/or a tumor associated antigen, as well as methods and compositions employing the viruses, are disclosed and claimed. The recombinant viruses can be NYVAC or ALVAC recombinant viruses. The DNA can code for at least one of: human tumor necrosis factor; nuclear phosphoprotein p53, wildtype or mutant; human melanoma-associated antigen; IL-2; IFN-gamma; IL-4; GM-CSF; IL-12; B7; erb-B-2 and carcinoembryonic antigen. The recombinant viruses and gene products therefrom are useful for cancer therapy.

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:134636 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Recombinant mycobacterial vaccines  
INVENTOR(S): Aldovini, Anna, Winchester, MA, United States  
Young, Richard A., Winchester, MA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research, United States (U.S. corporation)

US 5830475 19981103  
US 1995-460981 19950605 (8)  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-96027, filed on 22 Jul 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591632 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-711334, filed on 6 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-367894, filed on 19 Jun 1989, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 711334 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-361944, filed on 5 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5504005 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-223089, filed on 22 Jul 1988, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1988-216390, filed on 7 Jul 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.

US 1988-163546, filed on 3 Mar 1988, now abandoned ,  
said Ser. No. US 223089 which is a continuation-in-part  
of Ser. No. US 163546 which is a continuation-in-part  
of Ser. No. US 1987-20451, filed on 2 Mar 1987, now  
abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Railey, II, Johnny F.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 20 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1170

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to recombinant mycobacteria, particularly  
recombinant M. bovis BCG, which express heterologous DNA encoding a  
product (protein or polypeptide) of interest, such a protein or  
polypeptide (e.g., an antigen) against which an immune response is  
desired, or a cytokine.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:31:47 ON 11 SEP 2002)

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 07:32:03 ON 11 SEP 2002

L1 820 S HSP70 OR HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70

L2 340 S L1 AND ADJUVANT

L3 340 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L4 340 S L3

L5 46 S L3 NOT PY->1999

=> d l5 10-20 ibib ab

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: 1998:134636 USPATFULL

INVENTOR(S): Recombinant mycobacterial vaccines

Young, Richard A., Winchester, MA, United States

Whithead Institute for Biomedical Research, United

States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5830475 19981103

US 1995-460981 19950605 (8)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-96027, filed on 22 Jul

1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591632 which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-711334, filed

on 6 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-367894, filed

on 19 Jun 1989, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 711334

which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1989-361944, filed on 5 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat.

No. US 5504005 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 1988-223089, filed on 22 Jul 1988, now abandoned

And Ser. No. US 1988-216390, filed on 7 Jul 1988, now

abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.

US 1988-163546, filed on 3 Mar 1988, now abandoned,

said Ser. No. US 223089 which is a continuation-in-part

of Ser. No. US 163546 which is a continuation-in-part

of Ser. No. US 1987-20451, filed on 2 Mar 1987, now

abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Railey, II, Johnny F.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 20 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1170

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to recombinant mycobacteria, particularly  
recombinant M. bovis BCG, which express heterologous DNA encoding a  
product (protein or polypeptide) of interest, such a protein or  
polypeptide (e.g., an antigen) against which an immune response is  
desired, or a cytokine.

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:134628 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth  
inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress  
protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive  
immunotherapy

INVENTOR(S):

Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5830464 19981103

US 1997-796316 19970207 (8)

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Saunders, David

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Vanderveg, F. Pierre

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 55

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

LINE COUNT: 2332

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to methods and compositions for eliciting  
an immune response and the prevention and treatment of primary and  
metastatic neoplastic diseases and infectious diseases. The methods of  
the invention comprise administering a composition comprising an  
effective amount of a complex, in which the complex consists essentially  
of a heat shock protein (hsp) noncovalently bound to an antigenic  
molecule in combination with administering antigen presenting cells  
sensitized with complexes of hsp noncovalently bound to an antigenic  
molecule. "Antigenic molecule" as used herein refers to the peptides  
with which the hsp are endogenously associated in vivo as well as  
exogenous antigens/immunogens (i.e., with which the hsp are not  
complexed in vivo) or antigenic/immunogenic fragments and derivatives  
thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the complex is autologous to the  
individual. In a specific embodiment, the effective amounts of the  
complex when administered intradermally are in the range of 0.1 to 9.0  
micrograms for complexes comprising hsp70, 5 to 49 micrograms  
for hsp90, and 0.1 to 9.0 micrograms for gp96. In another embodiment,  
the effective amounts of the complex when administered subcutaneously  
are in the range of 10 to 600 micrograms for complexes comprising  
hsp70, 50 to 5000 micrograms for hsp90, and 10 to 600 micrograms  
for gp96.

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:131609 USPATFULL

TITLE: In vitro activation of cytotoxic T cells



## INVENTOR(S):

Peterson, Per A., La Jolla, CA, United States  
Jackson, Michael, Del Mar, CA, United States  
Langlade-Demoyen, Pierre, Del Mar, CA, United States  
The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE

## PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5827737 19981027  
US 1996-669685 19960624 (8)

## APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-209797, filed on 10 Mar 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5529921 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-841662, filed on 19 Feb 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5314813

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: Granted

## PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Tsang, Cecilia J.

## ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

VanderVegt, F. Pierre

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Townsend & Townsend & Crew

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1 25 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)

## LINE COUNT:

3958

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a rational, elegant means of producing, loading and using Class I molecules to specifically activate CD8 cells in vitro, and their therapeutic applications in the treatment of a variety of conditions, including cancer, tumors or neoplasias, as well as viral, retroviral, autoimmune, and autoimmune-type diseases. The present invention also relates to vectors, cell lines, recombinant DNA molecules encoding human  $\beta$ -2.2 microglobulin or Class I MHC molecules in soluble and insoluble form, and methods of producing same.

## L5 ANSWER 13 OF 46

USPATFULL

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:119133

## TITLE:

Protective 17 KDA malaria hepatic and erythrocytic stage immunogen and gene

## INVENTOR(S):

Hoffman, Stephen L., Gaithersburg, MD, United States  
Charoenvit, Yupin, Silver Spring, MD, United States  
Hedstrom, Richard C., Gaithersburg, MD, United States  
Doolan, Denise L., Rockville, MD, United States  
The United States of America as represented by the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. government)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE

## PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5814617 19980929  
US 1994-319704 19941007 (8)

## APPLICATION INFO.:

Utility

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Granted

## PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Cunningham, Thomas M.

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Spevack, A. David

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

11

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1 17 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

## LINE COUNT:

1590

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An IgG1 monoclonal antibody, Navy Yoelii Liver Stage 3 (NYLS3) does not recognize sporozoites, but recognizes P. yoelii liver stage parasites within 6 hours of invasion of mouse hepatocytes, and throughout the hepatic and asexual erythrocytic stages of the life cycle. When added to primary cultures of mouse hepatocytes 24 hours after inoculation with P. yoelii sporozoites, when all sporozoites have invaded hepatocytes, NYLS3

eliminates up to 98% of liver stage parasites. Intravenous injection of NYLS3 into mice delays the onset and reduces the density of blood stage parasitemia after sporozoite or blood stage challenge. The protein recognized by this mAb is identified and designated P. yoelii hepatic and erythrocytic stage protein, 17-kDa or PyHEP17. The gene encoding PyHEP17 and a DNA vaccine comprising exons of the DNA that encodes PyHEP17 are disclosed. A DNA vaccine consisting of exon 1 and part of exon 2 of the gene encoding PyHEP17 protects 88% of A/J mice, 33%-43% of B10.BR mice, 17%-29% of BALB/c mice and 14%-20% of B10.Q mice from development of blood-stage parasitemia. A combination of DNA vaccines consisting of a PyHEP17 DNA vaccine and a PyCSP DNA vaccine confers complete protection against development of blood-stage parasitemia in BALB/c mice and 71% protection in A/J and B10.BR mice. This DNA vaccine-induced protection may be additive. Combinations of other malaria antigens are covered. The application discloses the P. falciparum homolog of PyHEP17 and includes the means of identification of the PyHEP17 homologs of the other Plasmodium species which infect humans, specifically P. vivax, P. ovale and P. malariae.

## L5 ANSWER 14 OF 46

USPATFULL

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:119003

## TITLE:

Heat shock-like protein

## INVENTOR(S):

Hillman, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States  
Shah, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

US 5814481 19980929  
US 1997-846134 19970425 (8)

## APPLICATION INFO.:

Utility

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Granted

## FILE SEGMENT:

Wax, Robert A.

## PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Bugalsky, Gabriele E.

## ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Billings, Lucy J.

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

8

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

5 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1943

## LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a novel heat shock-like protein (HSPRO) and polynucleotides which identify and encode HSPRO. The invention also provides expression vectors, host cells, agonists, antibodies, and antagonists. The invention also provides methods for treating disorders associated with expression of HSPRO.

## L5 ANSWER 15 OF 46

USPATFULL

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:111956

## TITLE:

Inhibitors of IMPDH enzyme

## INVENTOR(S):

Armistead, David M., Maynard, MA, United States  
Badia, Michael C., Bedford, MA, United States  
Bemis, Guy W., Arlington, MA, United States  
Bethiel, Randy S., Allston, MA, United States  
Frank, Catharine A., Marlborough, MA, United States  
Novak, Perry M., Milford, MA, United States  
Ronkin, Steven M., Watertown, MA, United States  
Saunders, Jeffrey O., Acton, MA, United States  
Vertex Pharmaceuticals Incorporated, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

US 5807876

## PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5807876 19980915

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-636361 19960423 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Shah, Mukund J.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Kifle, Bruck  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Fish & Neave, Haley, Jr., James F., Govindaswamy, N.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 21  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 1494  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to a novel class of compounds which are IMPDH inhibitors. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising these compounds. The compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of this invention are particularly well suited for inhibiting IMPDH enzyme activity and consequently, may be advantageously used as agents for immunosuppression. This invention also relates to methods for inhibiting the activity of IMPDH using the compounds of this invention and related compounds.

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998.101540 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Human protein disulfide isomerase  
INVENTOR(S): Braxton, Scott Michael, San Mateo, CA, United States  
Murry, Lynn E., Portola Valley, CA, United States  
Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5798249 19980825  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-650275 19960516 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-649740, filed on 15 May 1996  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Wax, Robert A.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Saidha, Tekchand  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Billings, Lucy J.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2291  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a polynucleotide (pdih) the partial sequence for which was initially isolated from a lung cDNA library and which identifies and encodes a novel human protein disulfide isomerase (PDIH). The invention provides for genetically engineered expression vectors and host cells comprising the nucleic acid sequence encoding PDIH. The invention also provides for the use of purified PDIH and its agonists in the commercial production of recombinant proteins and in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of diseases associated with the abnormal expression of PDIH. Additionally, the invention provides for the use of antisense molecules to pdih or inhibitors of PDIH in pharmaceutical compositions for treatment of diseases resulting secretion of PDIH. The invention also describes diagnostic assays which utilize diagnostic compositions comprising the polynucleotide, fragments or the complement thereof, which hybridize with the genomic sequence or the transcript of pdih, or anti-PDIH antibodies which specifically bind to the polypeptide, PDIH.

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998.92162 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins and uses related thereto

INVENTOR(S): Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England  
McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States  
Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States  
President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5789543 19980804  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1993-176427 19931230 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth A.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E.Foley, Hoag & Eliot LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 35  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 12 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 4235  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998.91811 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Detection of wheat that has experienced elevated temperatures during the grain filling period  
INVENTOR(S): Bernardin, John E., El Sobrante, CA, United States  
The United States of America as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5789180 19980804  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-543233 19951013 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-192873, filed on 7 Feb 1994, now abandoned  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hutzell, Paula K.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Grun, James L.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Silverstein, M. Howard, Fado, John D., Connor, Margaret A.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 8  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1, 8  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 999  
AB Methods for detecting heat-stressed wheat, that is, wheat that has experienced elevated temperatures during the grain filling period, and methods to assess end-use properties of wheat grain are disclosed. In the method to detect heat-stressed wheat, wheat heat stress peptide in a sample of wheat grain or flour is measured. Wheat grain or flour that has a level of wheat heat stress peptide two or more times greater than the constitutive level is determined to have experienced elevated temperatures during the grain filling period. In the method to assess an end-use property of wheat, wheat heat stress peptide in a sample of

wheat grain or flour is measured, and the level is compared to a calibration curve that correlates the level of wheat heat stress peptide and the end-use property.

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:88652 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Therapeutic and diagnostic methods and compositions based on notch proteins and nucleic acids  
INVENTOR(S): Artavanis-Tsakonas, Spyridon, Hamden, CT, United States  
Fehon, Richard Grant, Durham, NC, United States  
Zagouras, Panayiotis, New Haven, CT, United States  
Blaumuller, Christine Marie, New Haven, CT, United States  
Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5786158 19980728  
US 1993-83590 19930625 (8)  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-955012, filed on 30 Sep 1992, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-879038, filed on 30 Apr 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Scheiner, Toni R.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 2  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 70 Drawing Figure(s); 68 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 4658

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to diagnostic methods and compositions for detection of malignancy or nervous system disorders based on the level of Notch proteins or nucleic acids. Therapeutic methods and methods of inhibiting Notch expression are also provided.

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:82345 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Diagnosis and treatment of insulin dependent diabetes mellitus using heat shock protein determinants  
INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Irun R., Rehovot, Israel  
Elias, Dana, Rehovot, Israel  
Markovits, Doron, Rehovot, Israel  
Yeda Research and Development Co. Ltd., Rehovot, Israel (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5780034 19980714  
US 1995-384454 19950203 (8)  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-937449, filed on 31 Aug 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1990-493127, filed on 14 Mar 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-371249, filed on 26 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5114844 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-322864, filed on 14 Mar 1989, now abandoned  
UTILITY  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Granted

FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Cunningham, Thomas M.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Browdy and Neimark  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 8 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1667  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB A 65 KD heat shock protein, proteins cross-reactive therewith, antibodies thereto or T cells specific thereto can be used for detecting in humans the existence of, a tendency to develop, or the initiation of a process leading to insulin dependent diabetes mellitus. Antibodies to hsp65 molecule of any species, or any other substance immunologically cross-reactive therewith, when administered with a tolerogenic carrier, can be used for the prevention or treatment of IDDM prior to development of clinical symptoms thereof. T cells, active fragments thereof or the receptor peptide thereof can also be used for prevention or treatment of IDDM.

=> d 20-30 ibib ab

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:82345 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Diagnosis and treatment of insulin dependent diabetes mellitus using heat shock protein determinants  
INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Irun R., Rehovot, Israel  
Elias, Dana, Rehovot, Israel  
Markovits, Doron, Rehovot, Israel  
Yeda Research and Development Co. Ltd., Rehovot, Israel (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5780034 19980714  
US 1995-384454 19950203 (8)  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-937449, filed on 31 Aug 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1990-493127, filed on 14 Mar 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-371249, filed on 26 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5114844 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-322864, filed on 14 Mar 1989, now abandoned  
UTILITY  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Granted

FILE SEGMENT: Cunningham, Thomas M.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Browdy and Neimark  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 8 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1667

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB A 65 KD heat shock protein, proteins cross-reactive therewith, antibodies thereto or T cells specific thereto can be used for detecting in humans the existence of, a tendency to develop, or the initiation of a process leading to insulin dependent diabetes mellitus. Antibodies to hsp65 molecule of any species, or any other substance immunologically cross-reactive therewith, when administered with a tolerogenic carrier, can be used for the prevention or treatment of IDDM prior to development of clinical symptoms thereof. T cells, active fragments thereof or the receptor peptide thereof can also be used for prevention or treatment of IDDM.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:78722 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Recombinant mycobacterial vaccines

## INVENTOR(S):

O'Donnell, Michael A., Sudbury, MA, United States  
Duda, Rosemary B., Carlisle, MA, United States  
Dewolf, William C., Southborough, MA, United States  
Aldovini, Anna, Winchester, MA, United States  
Young, Richard A., Winchester, MA, United States  
Beth Israel Hospital Association, Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5776465		19980707
US 1995-461725		19950605 (8)

## PATENT INFORMATION:

## APPLICATION INFO.:

## RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-96027, filed on 22 Jul 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591632 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-711334, filed on 6 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-367894, filed on 19 Jun 1989, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1989-361944, filed on 5 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5504005 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-223089, filed on 22 Jul 1988, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1988-216390, filed on 7 Jul 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-163546, filed on 3 Mar 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-20451, filed on 2 Mar 1987, said Ser. No. US -223089 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US -163546

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## PRIMARY EXAMINER:

## ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to recombinant mycobacteria, particularly recombinant M. bovis BCG, which express heterologous DNA encoding a product (protein or polypeptide) of interest, such a protein or polypeptide (e.g., an antigen) against which an immune response is desired, or a cytokine.

## L5 ANSWER 22 OF 46

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

## TITLE:

1998:72255 USPATFULL  
Recombinant poxviruses with foreign DNA in essential regions

## INVENTOR(S):

Falkner, Falko-Gunter, Vienna, Austria  
Holzer, Georg, Vienna, Austria  
Dorner, Friedrich, Vienna, Austria  
Immuo Aktiengesellschaft, Vienna, Austria (non-U.S. corporation)

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 5770212		19980623
US 1997-802985		19970221 (8)

## PATENT INFORMATION:

## APPLICATION INFO.:

## RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 1996-616133, filed on 14 Mar 1996 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-235392, filed on 29 Apr 1994, now abandoned

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## PRIMARY EXAMINER:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Defective poxviruses that lack a function imparted by an essential region of its parental poxvirus are provided for protein production and vaccination. A DNA polynucleotide encoding a protein is inserted into the defective poxvirus and placed under transcriptional control of a promoter. The defective poxvirus is viable when the lost function of the essential region is complemented by a host cell, transgenic animal or helper virus.

## L5 ANSWER 23 OF 46

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

## TITLE:

## INVENTOR(S):

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Defective poxviruses that lack a function imparted by an essential region of its parental poxvirus are provided for protein production and vaccination. A DNA polynucleotide encoding a protein is inserted into the defective poxvirus and placed under transcriptional control of a promoter. The defective poxvirus is viable when the lost function of the essential region is complemented by a host cell, transgenic animal or helper virus.

## L5 ANSWER 24 OF 46

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

## TITLE:

## INVENTOR(S):

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Defective poxviruses that lack a function imparted by an essential region of its parental poxvirus are provided for protein production and vaccination. A DNA polynucleotide encoding a protein is inserted into the defective poxvirus and placed under transcriptional control of a promoter. The defective poxvirus is viable when the lost function of the essential region is complemented by a host cell, transgenic animal or helper virus.

## L5 ANSWER 25 OF 46

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

## TITLE:

## INVENTOR(S):

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Defective poxviruses that lack a function imparted by an essential region of its parental poxvirus are provided for protein production and vaccination. A DNA polynucleotide encoding a protein is inserted into the defective poxvirus and placed under transcriptional control of a promoter. The defective poxvirus is viable when the lost function of the essential region is complemented by a host cell, transgenic animal or helper virus.

## L5 ANSWER 26 OF 46

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

## TITLE:

## INVENTOR(S):

## PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

## FILE SEGMENT:

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

## NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

## EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

## NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

## LINE COUNT:

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Defective poxviruses that lack a function imparted by an essential region of its parental poxvirus are provided for protein production and vaccination. A DNA polynucleotide encoding a protein is inserted into the defective poxvirus and placed under transcriptional control of a promoter. The defective poxvirus is viable when the lost function of the essential region is complemented by a host cell, transgenic animal or helper virus.

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1990-617910, filed on 26 Nov 1990, now abandoned  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Low, Christopher S. F.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P.  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 44 Drawing Figure(s); 28 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 1762  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to DNA sequence coding for part or all of the heat shock transcription factor or heat shock factor (HSF) proteins derived from humans and Drosophila, and the proteins encoded by these sequences.

The present invention also includes methods for detecting HSF in a biological sample. The presence of HSF in the nucleus of a cell can be detected with specific anti-HSF antibody reagents. The presence of such HSF proteins in the nucleus indicates a stressed condition including diseases. Furthermore, the presence of multimeric HSF in the crude or fractionated cell extract is indicative of a stressed state.

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:51728 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Deltex proteins  
 INVENTOR(S): Artavanis-Tsakonas, Spyridon, Hamden, CT, United States  
 Busséau, Isabelle, Bures-Sur-Yvette, France  
 Diederich, Robert J., New Haven, CT, United States  
 Xu, Tian, Guilford, CT, United States  
 Matsuno, Kenji, New Haven, CT, United States  
 Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5750652 19980512  
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-185432 19940121 (8)  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth A.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 27  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 58 Drawing Figure(s); 40 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 4194  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to amino acid sequences of the encoded deltex protein. The invention further relates to fragments and other derivatives, and analogs, of deltex proteins. In specific embodiments, the invention relates to deltex protein derivatives and analogs of the invention which are functionally active, or which comprise one or more domains of a deltex protein, including but not limited to the Gln-rich clusters, SH3 binding domains, domains which mediate binding to Notch or to a Notch derivative containing Notch cdcl0/SW16/ankyrin ("ANK") repeats, domains which mediate binding to a second deltex protein, or any combination of the foregoing. The present invention also relates to compositions based on deltex proteins.

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:51204 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Immunotherapeutic stress protein-peptide complexes against cancer

INVENTOR(S): Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States  
 Mount Sinai School of Medicine Of The City University of New York, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
 US 5750119 19980512  
 US 1994-315892 19940930 (8)  
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-180685, filed on 13 Jan 1994  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Feisee, Lila  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Bansal, Geetha P.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 48  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-2  
 LINE COUNT: 1097  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is a method for inhibiting the proliferation of a tumor in a mammal. The method involves the steps of (a) isolating a stress protein-peptide complex from tumor cells previously removed from the mammal and (b) administering the isolated stress protein-peptide complex back to the mammal in order to stimulate in the mammal an immune response against the tumor from which the complex was isolated. Stress protein-peptide complexes having particular utility in the practice of the instant invention include the Hsp70-peptide, Hsp90-peptide and gp96-peptide complexes.

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 46 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:48564 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: P53as protein and antibody therefor  
 INVENTOR(S): Kulesz-Martin, Molly F., Buffalo, NY, United States  
 Health Research, Inc., Buffalo, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE  
 US 5747650 19980505  
 US 1996-644456 19960510 (8)  
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-100496, filed on 2 Aug 1993  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Scheiner, Toni R.  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Bansal, Geetha P.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Dunn, Michael L.  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 11  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 26 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 1580  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB In accordance with the present invention, we have discovered and purified a protein designated herein as p53as, which protein is present in normal cells of a mammal and is essentially identical to known normal growth controlling protein p53 of the same mammal, at least until the final 50 amino acids of the carboxy terminal end of the protein. The invention further includes an antibody specific for protein p53as, which antibody is designated herein as Ab p53as. The antibody may be either a monoclonal or polyclonal antibody and may be specific for p53as of any particular mammal such as mice and humans.

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 46 USPATFULL

## ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:45097 USPATFULL  
Method and device for diagnosing and distinguishing  
chest pain in early onset thereof  
INVENTOR(S): Jackowski, George, Ingleswood, Canada  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Spectral Diagnostics Inc., Toronto, Canada (non-U.S.  
corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
APPLICATION INFO.:  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5744358 19980428  
US 1996-707594 19960905 (8)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-420298, filed on 11  
Apr 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5604105 which is a  
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-26453, filed  
on 3 Mar 1993, now abandoned which is a  
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-695381, filed  
on 3 May 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5290678,  
issued on 1 Mar 1994

PRIORITY INFORMATION:  
DOCUMENT TYPE:

NUMBER KIND DATE  
CA 1990-2027434 19901012  
Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Wolski, Susan

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Klauber &amp; Jackson

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

13

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

16

LINE COUNT:

2396

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A diagnostic test, and a device for conducting the test, for assessing whether patient chest pain is cardiac in origin and for differentiating between unstable angina and myocardial infarction as a cause of patient chest pain is described. The diagnostic test comprises simultaneously detecting at least three selected cardiac markers with the use of at least three different monoclonal or polyclonal antibody pairs, each member of which is complementary to a different marker, which is released by heart muscle at varying stages after the onset of chest pain and is indicative of the cause of the chest pain.

L5 ANSWER 29 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:36577 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Antibiotic resistance

INVENTOR(S):

Haun, Shirley L., Gaithersburg, MD, United States  
Stover, Charles K., Mercer Island, WA, United States  
Hatfull, Graham, Pittsburgh, PA, United States  
Hanson, Mark S., Columbia, MD, United States  
Jacobs, William R., City Island, NY, United States  
MedImmune, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD, United States (U.S.  
corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

US 5736367 19980407  
US 1995-425380 19950420 (8)  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-861002, filed  
on 31 Mar 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Fleisher, Mindy

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Weiss, Bonnie D.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Herron, Charles J., Olstein, Elliot M.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A vector and a prokaryote transformed therewith which includes nucleic acid sequences which make possible the autocatalytic deletion of nucleotide sequences encoding an antibiotic resistance phenotype. The prokaryote can be a bacterium, and in particular a mycobacterium. Such transformed mycobacteria may be employed in vaccines, thereby eliminating the attendant risk of vaccines including antibiotic resistance markers.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:36365 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Conjugates of poorly immunogenic antigens and synthetic

INVENTOR(S):

Cohen, Irun R., Rehovot, Israel  
Fridkin, Matityahu, Rehovot, Israel  
Konen-Waisman, Stephanie, Tel Aviv, Israel  
Yeda Research and Development Co. Ltd., Israel  
(non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Woodward, Michael P.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Pennie &amp; Edmonds

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to conjugates of poorly immunogenic antigens, e.g. peptides, proteins and polysaccharides, with a synthetic peptide carrier constituting a T cell epitope derived from the sequence of human heat shock protein hsp65, or an analog thereof, said peptide or analog being capable of increasing substantially the immunogenicity of the poorly immunogenic antigen. Suitable peptides according to the invention are Pep278h, which corresponds to positions 458-474 of human hsp65, and Pep 11, which corresponds to positions 437-448 of human hsp65, but in which two cysteine residues at positions 442 and 447 are replaced serine residues.

-&gt; d 30-46 ibib ab

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:36365 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Conjugates of poorly immunogenic antigens and synthetic

INVENTOR(S):

Cohen, Irun R., Rehovot, Israel  
Fridkin, Matityahu, Rehovot, Israel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konen-Waisman, Stephanie, Tel Aviv, Israel  
(non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5736146 19980407  
WO 9403208 19940217  
US 1995-379613 19950222 (8)  
WO 1993-US7096 19930728  
APPLICATION INFO.: 19950222 PCT 371 date  
19950222 PCT 102(e) date

PRIORITY INFORMATION: IL 1992-102687 19920730  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Woodward, Michael P.  
Pennie & Edmonds  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 25  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 49 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1401

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The invention relates to conjugates of poorly immunogenic antigens, e.g. peptides, proteins and polysaccharides, with a synthetic peptide carrier constituting a T cell epitope derived from the sequence of human heat shock protein hsp65, or an analog thereof, said peptide or analog being capable of increasing substantially the immunogenicity of the poorly immunogenic antigen. Suitable peptides according to the invention are Pep278h, which corresponds to positions 458-474 of human hsp65, and Pep 1i, which corresponds to positions 437-448 of human hsp65, but in which two cysteine residues at positions 442 and 447 are replaced serine residues.

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:6790 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Immunogenic composition against Bovine Viral Diarrhea  
INVENTOR(S): Virus II glycoprotein 53 (BVDV-II gp53)  
van den Hurk, Jan, Saskatoon, Canada  
Tijssen, Peter, Pointe Claire, Canada  
Bioscar Inc., Saskatoon, Canada (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5709865 19980120  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-445746 19950522 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-337618, filed on 10 Nov 1994, now abandoned  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Knode, Marian C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Salimi, Ali R.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sholtz, Charles K. Dehlinger & Associates  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 4  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1881

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB This invention relates to the identification of Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus group II (BVDV-II) nucleic acid sequences (e.g., gp53 sequences), to methods of using the nucleic acid sequences for detecting BVD-II virus in animal sera, to polypeptide vital antigens derived from the

sequences and immunoreactive with sera from animals infected with Bovine Viral Diarrhea group II (BVD-II) virus, to polynucleotide sequences which encode these polypeptide antigens, to an expression system capable of producing the polypeptide antigens, to vaccines containing the polypeptide antigens, to methods of using the polypeptide antigens for detecting BVD-II virus antibodies in animal sera, and to antibodies directed against these polypeptide antigens.

L5 ANSWER 32 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:1646 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Expression of heterologous proteins in drosophila cells  
INVENTOR(S): Johansen, Hanne Ranch, Højbjerg, Denmark  
Van Der Straten-Ponthoz, Ariane Adrienne, Chicago, IL, United States  
Rosenberg, Martin, Roversford, PA, United States(4)  
SmithKline Beecham Corporation, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5705359 19980106  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-434095 19950503 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1993-98016, filed on 27 Jul 1993 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-681222, filed on 5 Apr 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-278386, filed on 1 Dec 1988, now abandoned and a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-574563, filed on 27 Aug 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-428454, filed on 30 Oct 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1987-47736, filed on 8 May 1987, now abandoned  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Garry, Sean M.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Eagle, Alissa M., Venetianer, Stephen A., Lentz, Edward T.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 3  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 1136  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a method for the expression of heterologous genes, under the control of a Drosophila metolothionein promoter, inserted at high copy number into Drosophila melanogaster cells.

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:99166 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Expression of heterologous proteins in Drosophila cells  
INVENTOR(S): Johansen, Hanne Ranch, Højbjerg, Denmark  
Van Der Straten-Ponthoz, Ariane Adrienne, Chicago, IL, United States  
Rosenberg, Martin, Roversford, PA, United States(4)  
SmithKline Beecham Corporation, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5681713 19971028  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1993-98016 19930727 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-681222, filed on 5 Apr 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of

Ser. No. US 1988-278386, filed on 1 Dec 1988, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1990-574563, filed on 27 Aug 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1989-428454, filed on 30 Oct 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1987-47736, filed on 8 May 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Pruty, Rebecca E.

Eagle, Alissa M., Lentz, Edward T., Venetianer, Stephen A.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a novel method for expression of high levels of heterologous proteins in Drosophila cells.

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:59306 USPATFULL

TITLE: Isolation and characterization of a novel chaperone protein

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Keye, Frederic J., Bethesda, MD, United States

Otterson, Gregory A., Columbia, MD, United States

The United States of America as represented by the Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. government)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5646249 19970708

US 1994-203905 19940228 (8)

UTILITY

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Wax, Robert A.

Lau, Kawai

Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to the identification and molecular characterization of the human and rat STCH chaperone protein including the corresponding gene sequence, gene fragments and protein fragments. The invention also relates antibodies to STCH and to assays to detect the presence of STCH genes, transcripts and protein in a sample.

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:38382 USPATFULL

TITLE: Mortalin and methods for determining complementation

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pereira-Smith, Olivia M., Houston, TX, United States

Wadhwa, Renu, Takuba, Japan

Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5627039 19970506

US 1994-214583 19940318 (8)

UTILITY

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Schreiner, Toni R.

Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The intracellular distribution of mortalin is used to determine the complementation group of tumor cells. Also disclosed are the gene sequences that encode mortalin and the amino acid sequence of the mortalin proteins.

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:29572 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for detecting and treating

kidney diseases associated with adhesion of crystals to kidney cells

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toback, F. Gary, Chicago, IL, United States

Lieske, John C., Evanston, IL, United States

ARCH Development Corporation, Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5618917 19970408

US 1995-389005 19950215 (8)

UTILITY

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Nucker, Christine M.

Reeves, Julie E.

Brinks Hofer Gilson & Lione

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An autocrine crystal adhesion inhibitor called CAI is an anionic, sialic acid-containing glycoprotein secreted by kidney epithelial cells that blocks adhesion of calcium oxalate monohydrate (COM) crystals to the cell surfaces. Persons may be classified according to risk of developing kidney stones, by measuring the amount of CAI in a biological sample. Treatment efficacy is also monitored by this method. CAI is administered in vivo to prevent nephrolithiasis. A rapid, simple assay to detect agents that inhibit adhesion of COM crystals to the surface of kidney epithelial cells is characterized.

L5 ANSWER 37 OF 46 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:1357 USPATFULL

TITLE: Recombinant BCG

INVENTOR(S):

O'Donnell, Michael A., Sudbury, MA, United States

Duda, Rosemary B., Carlisle, MA, United States

DeWolf, William C., Southborough, MA, United States

Aldovini, Anna, Winchester, MA, United States

Young, Richard A., Winchester, MA, United States

Beth Israel Hospital, Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

Whitehead Institute For Biomedical Research, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 5591632 19970107

US 1993-96027 19930722 (8)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-711334, filed on 6 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-367894, filed



on 19 Jun 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-361944, filed on 5 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5504005 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-223089, filed on 22 Jul 1988, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-216390, filed on 7 Jul 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-163546, filed on 3 Mar 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-20451, filed on 2 Mar 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to recombinant mycobacteria, particularly recombinant M. bovis BCG, which express heterologous DNA encoding a product (protein or polypeptide) of interest, such a protein or polypeptide (e.g., an antigen) against which an immune response is desired or a cytokine.

L5 ANSWER 38 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:113834 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Bacterial expression vectors containing DNA encoding secretion signals of lipoproteins  
INVENTOR(S): Stover, Charles K., Silver Spring, MD, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MedImmune, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5583038 19961210  
US 1992-977630 19921117 (7)  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-780261, filed on 21 Oct 1991, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An expression vector for expressing a protein or polypeptide in a bacterium, which comprises a first DNA sequence encoding at least a secretion signal of a lipoprotein, and a second DNA sequence encoding a protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide heterologous to the bacterium which expresses the protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide. The bacterium expresses a fusion protein a lipoprotein or lipoprotein segment and the protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide heterologous to the bacterium which expresses the protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide. Such expression vectors increase the immunogenicity of the protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide by enabling the protein or fragment thereof, or polypeptide or peptide to be expressed on the surface of the bacterium. Bacteria which may be transformed with the expression vector include mycobacteria such as BCG. The expression

vectors of the present invention may be employed in the formation of live bacterial vaccines against Lyme disease wherein the bacteria express a surface protein of Borrelia burgdorferi, the causative agent of Lyme disease.

L5 ANSWER 39 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:111449 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Delivery of exogenous DNA sequences in a mammal  
INVENTOR(S): Wolfner, Philip L., Rancho Santa Fe, CA, United States  
Wolff, Jon A., Madison, WI, United States  
Rhodes, Gary H., Leucadia, CA, United States  
Malone, Robert W., Chicago, IL, United States  
Carson, Dennis A., Del Mar, CA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): VICAL Incorporated, San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, Dane, WI, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5580859 19961203  
US 1994-215405 19940318 (8)  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-846827, filed on 6 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1990-496991, filed on 21 Mar 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-467881, filed on 19 Jan 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-326305, filed on 21 Mar 1989, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Polynucleotide sequences, comprising DNA and RNA molecules can be directly administered, for example by injection, to tissues, such as muscle, and expressed as a protein, polypeptide or polypeptide. The polynucleotides can be contained within liposomes or the polynucleotides can free from association with transfection-facilitating proteins, viral particles, liposomal formulations, charged lipids and calcium phosphate precipitating agents.

L5 ANSWER 40 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:108677 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Diagnosis and treatment of insulin dependent diabetes mellitus  
INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Irun R., Rehovot, Israel  
Elias, Dana, Rehovot, Israel  
Markovits, Doron, Rehovot, Israel  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yeda Research and Development Co. Ltd., Rehovot, Israel (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
US 5578303 19961126  
US 1993-151052 19931112 (8)  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-751448, filed on 29 Aug 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-493127, filed on 14 Mar 1990, now

abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-371249, filed on 26 Jun 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5114844 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-322864, filed on 14 Mar 1989, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Cunningham, Thomas M.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Browdy and Neimark  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 16  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 11  
LINE COUNT: 1922  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A 65 KD heat shock protein, proteins cross-reactive therewith, antibodies thereto or T cells specific thereto can be used for detecting in humans the existence of a tendency to develop, or the initiation of a process leading to insulin dependent diabetes mellitus. Antibodies to hsp65 molecule of any species, or any other substance immunologically cross-reactive therewith, when administered with a tolerogenic carrier, can be used for the prevention or treatment of IDDM prior to development of clinical symptoms thereof. T cells, active fragments thereof or the receptor peptide thereof can also be used for prevention or treatment of IDDM.

L5 ANSWER 41 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:77699 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Expression of heterologous proteins in Drosophila cells  
INVENTOR(S): Johansen, Hanne R., Højbjerg, Denmark  
Van Der Straten-Ponthoz, Ariane A., Chicago, IL, United States  
Rosenberg, Martin, Roversford, PA, United States(4)  
SmithKline Beecham Corporation, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5550043 19960827  
US 1995-433178 19950503 (8)  
Division of Ser. No. US 1993-98016, filed on 27 Jul 1993 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-278386, filed on 1 Dec 1988, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1990-574563, filed on 27 Aug 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1989-428454, filed on 30 Oct 1989 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1987-47736, filed on 8 May 1987  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sutton, Jeffrey A., Jervis, Herbert H., Lentz, Edward T.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 7  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 1153  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a novel method for expression of high levels of heterologous proteins in Drosophila cells.

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:55678 USPATFULL  
TITLE: In vitro activation of cytotoxic t-cells using insect cells expressing human class I MHC and

.beta.2-microglobulin  
Peterson, Per A., La Jolla, CA, United States  
Jackson, Michael, Del Mar, CA, United States  
Langlade-Demoyen, Pierre, Del Mar, CA, United States  
Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5529921 19960625  
US 1994-209797 19940310 (8)  
Division of Ser. No. US 1992-841662, filed on 19 Feb 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5314813  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Adams, Donald E.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 12  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1  
LINE COUNT: 3968  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a rational, elegant means of producing, loading and using Class I molecules to specifically activate CD8 cells in vitro, and their therapeutic applications in the treatment of a variety of conditions, including cancer, tumors or neoplasias, as well as viral, retroviral, autoimmune, and autoimmune-type diseases. The present invention also relates to vectors, cell lines, recombinant DNA molecules encoding human .beta.2 microglobulin or Class I MHC molecules in soluble and insoluble form, and methods of producing same.

L5 ANSWER 43 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:80215 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Heat shock/stress response proteins and prognosis in cancer  
INVENTOR(S): McGuire, deceased, William L., late of San Antonio, TX, United States by John W. Robb, legal representative  
Clark, Gary M., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Chamness, Gary C., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Tandon, Atul K., San Ramon, TX, United States  
Fuqua, Suzanne A., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE  
-----  
US 5447843 19950905  
WO 9116632 19911031  
US 1992-949630 19921125 (7)  
WO 1991-US2536 19910412  
19921125 PCT 371 date  
19921125 PCT 102(e) date

DISCLAIMER DATE: 20100223  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-509377, filed on 12 Apr 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5188964  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Scheiner, Toni R.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 24  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 15  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 14  
LINE COUNT: 1371  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a method of predicting disease-free survival in cancer patients by relating the number and amount of stress response proteins in cancer tissue to the probability of tumor recurrence. Particular heat shock/stress response proteins useful in the determination of tumor recurrence are the stress response proteins, hsp70, hsp90, hsp27, and glucose regulated protein grp94. Specific levels of the stress response proteins relative to an internal standard are identified, above which the probability of tumor recurrence is highly significant. Kit methods are disclosed which could enable determination of the stress proteins by an antibody assay.

L5 ANSWER 44 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:144555 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Drosophila cell lines expressing genes encoding MHC class I antigens and B2-microglobulin and capable of assembling empty complexes and methods of making said cell lines  
INVENTOR(S): Peterson, Per A., LaJolla, CA, United States  
Jackson, Michael, Del Mar, CA, United States  
Langlade-Demoyen, Pierre, Del Mar, CA, United States  
Scripps Research Institute, LaJolla, CA, United States  
(U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5314813 19940524  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1992-841662 19920219 (7)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hill, Jr., Robert J.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Allen, Marianne P.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Logan, April C., Liebeschuetz, Joe, Smith, William M.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 24 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 3911  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a rational, elegant means of producing, loading and using Class I molecules to specifically activate CD8 cells in vitro, and their therapeutic applications in the treatment of a variety of conditions, including cancer, tumors or neoplasias, as well as viral, retroviral, autoimmune, and autoimmune-type diseases. The present invention also relates to vectors, cell lines, recombinant DNA molecules encoding human .beta.2 microglobulin or Class I MHC molecules in soluble and insoluble form, and methods of producing same.

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:100493 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Insect-specific paralytic neurotoxin genes for use in biological insect control: methods and compositions  
INVENTOR(S): Tomalski, Michael D., Athens, GA, United States  
Miller, Lois K., Athens, GA, United States  
University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc., Athens, GA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5266317 19931130  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1990-593657 19901004 (7)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Wax, Robert A.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Furman, Keith C.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Greenlee and Winner

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 61  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2085  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Genes encoding insect-specific paralytic neurotoxins, particularly those of insect-parasitic mites, including Pyemotes, are described. Recombinant DNA molecules in which the neurotoxin coding sequences are placed under the control of heterologous promoters are also described. Such molecules are useful for the development of biological insect control agents which produce insect-toxic levels of the neurotoxin. Specifically described are genetically altered baculoviruses which produce insect-specific paralytic neurotoxins and which display improved toxic effect on insects. Insect-toxic compositions are also provided. Methods of insect control using these neurotoxin genes, methods for production of neurotoxins in cells, and methods of production of insect control agents are described.

L5 ANSWER 46 OF 46 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:14496 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Method and kit for the prognostication of breast cancer patient via heat shock/stress protein determination  
INVENTOR(S): McGuire, William L., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Tandon, Atul K., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Clark, Gary M., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Channess, Gary C., San Antonio, TX, United States  
Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5188964 19930223  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1990-509377 19900412 (7)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Housel, James C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Chan, William  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 24  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 14 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1495  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a method of predicting disease-free survival in cancer patients by relating the number and amount of stress response proteins in the cancer tissue to the probability of tumor recurrence. Particular heat shock/stress response proteins useful in the determination of tumor recurrence are the stress response proteins, hsp70, hsp90, hsp27, and glucose regulated protein grp94. Specific levels of the stress response proteins are identified, above which the probability of tumor recurrence is highly significant. Kit methods are disclosed which could enable determination of the stress proteins by an antibody assay.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:31:47 ON 11 SEP 2002)  
FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 07:32:03 ON 11 SEP 2002  
L1 820 S HSP70 OR HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70  
L2 340 S L1 AND ADJUVANT  
L3 340 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L4 340 S L3

```

L5      46 S L3 NOT PY=>1999
=> s l2 and pharmaceutical
523 PHARMACEUTIC
1309 PHARMACEUTICS
1800 PHARMACEUTIC
(PHARMACEUTIC OR PHARMACEUTICS)
L6      0 L2 AND PHARMACEUTIC
=>
=> s l2 and pharmaceutical?
144495 PHARMACEUTICAL?
L7      266 L2 AND PHARMACEUTICAL?
=> s l7 and cancer
52128 CANCER
15572 CANCERS
54070 CANCER
(CANCER OR CANCERS)
L8      210 L7 AND CANCER
=> s l8 and administer?
142884 ADMINISTER?
L9      207 L8 AND ADMINISTER?
=> s l9 and treat?
787080 TREAT?
L10     207 L9 AND TREAT?
=> s l10 not py=>1999
816008 PY=>1999
L11     14 L10 NOT PY=>1999
=> d l-14 ibib and ab
'AND' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'USPATFULL'

The following are valid formats:

The default display format is STD.

ABS ----- AB
ALL ----- AN, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD,
RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, REP, REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DCD, AI,
DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL,
INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM, NCLS, IC, ICM, ICS,
EXF, ARTU
ALLG ----- ALL plus PAGE.DRAW
BIB ----- PRAI DT, FS, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, LN.CNT
BIB EX ----- BIB for original and latest publication
BIBG ----- BIB plus PAGE.DRAW
BROWSE ----- See "HELP BROWSE" or "HELP DISPLAY BROWSE". BROWSE must
entered on the same line as DISPLAY, e.g., D BROWSE.
CAS ----- OS, CC, SX, ST, IT
CBIB ----- AN, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PI, AI, PRAI, DT, FS
DALL ----- ALL, delimited for post-processing
FP ----- PI, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI,
NCLM, ICM, ICS, INCL, INCLM, INCLS, NCL,
NCLM, NCLS, EXF, REP, REN, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP,
CLMN, DRWN, AB
FP.EX ----- FP for original and latest publication
FPALL ----- PI, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PTERM, DCD, AI,
RLI, PRAI, IC, ICM, ICS, INCL, INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM,
NCLS, EXF, REP, REN, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN, AB,
PARN, SUMM, DRWD, DETD, CLM
PI, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PTERM, DCD, AI,
RLI, PRAI, REP, EXNAM, LREP, CLM, CLMN, DRWN
PHITSTR ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
its structure diagram
PPG ----- PP plus PAGE.DRAW
GI ----- PN and page image numbers
HIT ----- All fields containing hit terms
HITRN ----- HIT RN and its text modification
HITSTR ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
its structure diagram
IABS ----- ABS, indented with text labels
IALL ----- ALL, indented with text labels
IALLG ----- IALL plus PAGE.DRAW
IBIB ----- BIB, indented with text labels
IBIB EX ----- IBIB for original and latest publication
IBIBG ----- IBIB plus PAGE.DRAW
IMAX ----- MAX, indented with text labels
IMAX EX ----- IMAX for original and latest publication
IND ----- INCL, INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM, NCLS, IC, ICM, ICS,
EXF, ARTU, OS, CC, SX, ST, IT
ISTD ----- STD, indented with text labels
KWIC ----- All hit terms plus 20 words on either side
MAX ----- AN, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD,
DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL,
INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM, NCLS, IC, ICM, ICS,
EXF, ARTU OS, CC, SX, ST, IT
MAX EX ----- MAX for original and latest publication
OCC ----- List of display fields containing hit terms
SBIB ----- AN, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI,
DT, FS, LN.CNT
SCAN ----- AN, TI, NCL, NCLM, NCLS, IC, ICM, ICS (random display
without answer number. SCAN must be entered on the
same line as DISPLAY, e.g., D SCAN)
STD ----- AN, TI, IN, INA, PA, PAA, PAT, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI,
DT, FS, LN.CNT, INCL, INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM, NCLS,
IC, ICM, ICS, EXF (STD is the default)
STD EX ----- STD for original and latest publication
TRIAL ----- AN, TI, INCL, INCLM, INCLS, NCL, NCLM, NCLS, IC,
ICM, ICS
ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (STD):end
=> d his
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:31:47 ON 11 SEP 2002)
FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 07:32:03 ON 11 SEP 2002
L1      820 S HSP70 OR HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70
L2      340 S L1 AND ADJUVANT
L3      340 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L4      340 S L3
L5      46 S L3 NOT PY=>1999
L6      0 S L2 AND PHARMACEUTIC
L7      266 S L2 AND PHARMACEUTICAL?
L8      210 S L7 AND CANCER
L9      207 S L8 AND ADMINISTER?
L10     207 S L9 AND TREAT?
L11     14 S L10 NOT PY=>1999
=> d l11 l-14 ibib ab

```

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 14 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:151078 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins, and uses related thereto  
INVENTOR(S): Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England  
McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States  
Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States  
President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5844079 19981201  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-356060 19941214 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth H.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E.Foley, Hoag & Elliot LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 41  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Figure(s); 21 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 7618  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 14 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:143661 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions and methods using complexes of heat shock proteins and antigenic molecules for the treatment and prevention of neoplastic diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States  
Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5837251 19981117  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-527391 19950913 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Feisee, Lila  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Bansal, Gee Tha D.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 33  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1, 8, 16  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 18 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2361  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to methods and compositions for eliciting an immune response and the prevention and treatment of primary and metastatic neoplastic diseases and infectious diseases. The methods of the invention comprise administering a composition comprising an effective amount of a complex, in which the complex

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 14 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:138682 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Polynucleotides encoding a cofactor A-like protein  
INVENTOR(S): Hillman, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States  
Goli, Surya K., Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5834239 19981110  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1997-825782 19970408 (8)  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kemmerer, Elizabeth C.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Romeo, David S.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Mohan-Peterson, Sheela, Billings, Lucy J.Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1933  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a human cofactor A-like protein (COAPR) and polynucleotides which identify and encode COAPR. The invention also provides expression vectors, host cells, agonists, antibodies and antagonists. The invention also provides methods for treating disorders associated with expression of COAPR.

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 14 USPATFULL  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:138427 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Canaripox virus expressing cytokine and/or tumor-associated antigen DNA sequence  
INVENTOR(S): Paoletti, Enzo, Delmar, NY, United States  
Tartaglia, James, Schenectady, NY, United States  
Cox, William I., Troy, NY, United States  
Virogenetics Corporation, Troy, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5833975 19981110  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-184009 19940119 (8)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-7115, filed on 21 Jan 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-847951, filed on 6 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-713967, filed on 11 Jun 1991, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-666056, filed on 7 Mar 1991, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 7115 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-805567, filed on 16 Dec 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-638080, filed on 7 Jan 1991, now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 7115 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-847977, filed on 3 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1990-478179, filed on 14 Feb 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-320471, filed on 8 Mar 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5155020

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

INVENTOR(S):

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

Attenuated vaccinia or canarypox recombinant viruses containing DNA coding for a cytokine and/or a tumor associated antigen, as well as methods and compositions employing the viruses, are disclosed and claimed. The recombinant viruses can be NYVAC or ALVAC recombinant viruses. The DNA can code for at least one of: human tumor necrosis factor; nuclear phosphoprotein p53, wildtype or mutant; human melanoma-associated antigen; IL-2; IFN gamma; IL-4; GM-CSF; IL-12; B7; erb-B-2 and carcinoembryonic antigen. The recombinant viruses and gene products therefrom are useful for cancer therapy.

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

Fordham University, Bronx, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:1134628

USPATFULL

Compositions and methods for the treatment and growth inhibition of cancer using heat shock/stress protein-peptide complexes in combination with adoptive immunotherapy

SRIVASTAVA, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States

refers to the peptides with which the hsp are endogenously associated in vivo as well as exogenous antigens/immunogens (i.e., with which the hsp are not complexed in vivo) or antigenic/immunogenic fragments and derivatives thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the complex is autologous to the individual. In a specific embodiment, the effective amounts of the complex when administered intradermally are in the range of 0.1 to 9.0 micrograms for complexes comprising hsp70, 5 to 49 micrograms for hsp90, and 0.1 to 9.0 micrograms for gp96. In another embodiment, the effective amounts of the complex when administered subcutaneously are in the range of 10 to 600 micrograms for complexes comprising hsp70, 50 to 5000 micrograms for hsp90, and 10 to 600 micrograms for gp96.

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 14 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:119003

TITLE: Heat shock-like protein

INVENTOR(S): Hillman, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

Shah, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

1998:119003

USPATFULL

Heat shock-like protein

HILLMAN, Jennifer L., San Jose, CA, United States

SHAH, Purvi, Sunnyvale, CA, United States

INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USPATFULL

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 21  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 CAS INDEXING: 1494  
 AB The present invention relates to a novel class of compounds which are IMPDH inhibitors. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising these compounds. The compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of this invention are particularly well suited for inhibiting IMPDH enzyme activity and consequently, may be advantageously used as agents for immunosuppression. This invention also relates to methods for inhibiting the activity of IMPDH using the compounds of this invention and related compounds.

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 14 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:101540 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Human protein disulfide isomerase  
 INVENTOR(S): Braxton, Scott Michael, San Mateo, CA, United States  
 Murry, Lynn E., Portola Valley, CA, United States  
 Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 L11 ANSWER 10 OF 14 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:88652 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Therapeutic and diagnostic methods and compositions based on notch proteins and nucleic acids  
 INVENTOR(S): Artavanis-Tsakonas, Spyridon, Hamden, CT, United States  
 Fehon, Richard Grant, Durham, NC, United States  
 Zagouras, Panayiotis, New Haven, CT, United States  
 Blaumueller, Christine Marie, New Haven, CT, United States  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 5798249 19980825  
 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-650275 19960516 (8)  
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-649740, filed on 15 May 1996

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Wax, Robert A.  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Saidha, Tekchand  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Billings, Lucy J.  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 2291

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The present invention provides a polynucleotide (pdih) the partial sequence for which was initially isolated from a lung cDNA library and which identifies and encodes a novel human protein disulfide isomerase (PDIH). The invention provides for genetically engineered expression vectors and host cells comprising the nucleic acid sequence encoding PDIH. The invention also provides for the use of purified PDIH and its agonists in the commercial production of recombinant proteins and in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of diseases associated with the abnormal expression of PDIH. Additionally, the invention provides for the use of antisense molecules to pdih or inhibitors of PDIH in pharmaceutical compositions for treatment of diseases resulting secretion of PDIH. The invention also describes diagnostic assays which utilize diagnostic compositions comprising the polynucleotide, fragments or the complement thereof, which hybridize with the genomic sequence or the transcript of pdih, or anti-PDIH antibodies which specifically bind to the polypeptide, PDIH.

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 14 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:92162 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins and uses related thereto  
 INVENTOR(S): Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England  
 McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States  
 Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States  
 President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 L11 ANSWER 11 OF 14 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:51728 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Deltex proteins  
 INVENTOR(S): Artavanis-Tsakonas, Spyridon, Hamden, CT, United States  
 Busseau, Isabelle, Bures-Sur-Yvette, France  
 Diederich, Robert J., New Haven, CT, United States

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 5789543 19980804  
 US 1993-176427 19931230 (8)  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Walsh, Stephen  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sorensen, Kenneth A.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E. Foley, Hoag & Elliot LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 35  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 12 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 4235

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 14 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:5786158 19980728  
 US 1993-83590 19930625 (8)  
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-955012, filed on 30 Sep 1992, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-879038, filed on 30 Apr 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Scheiner, Toni R.  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 2  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 70 Drawing Figure(s); 68 Drawing Page(s)  
 LINE COUNT: 4658

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The present invention relates to diagnostic methods and compositions for detection of malignancy or nervous system disorders based on the level of Notch proteins or nucleic acids. Therapeutic methods and methods of inhibiting Notch expression are also provided.

Xu, Tian, Guilford, CT, United States  
 Matsuno, Kenji, New Haven, CT, United States  
 Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 L11 ANSWER 12 OF 14 USPTATFULL  
 1998-51204 USPTATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE:  
 INVENTOR(S):  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 Srivastava, Pramod K., Riverdale, NY, United States  
 Mount Sinai School of Medicine Of The City University  
 of New York, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.:  
 DOCUMENT TYPE:  
 FILE SEGMENT:  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER:  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER:  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS:  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:  
 LINE COUNT:  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The present invention relates to amino acid sequences of the encoded deltex protein. The invention further relates to fragments and other derivatives, and analogs, of deltex proteins. In specific embodiments, the invention relates to deltex protein derivatives and analogs of the invention which are functionally active, or which comprise one or more domains of a deltex protein, including but not limited to the Gln-rich clusters, SH3 binding domains, domains which mediate binding to Notch or to a Notch derivative containing Notch cdcl0/SM16/ankyrin ("ANK") repeats, domains which mediate binding to a second deltex protein, or any combination of the foregoing. The present invention also relates to compositions based on deltex proteins.

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.:  
 RELATED APPL. INFO.:  
 DOCUMENT TYPE:  
 FILE SEGMENT:  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER:  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER:  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS:  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:  
 LINE COUNT:  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB Disclosed is a method for inhibiting the proliferation of a tumor in a mammal. The method involves the steps of (a) isolating a stress protein-peptide complex from tumor cells previously removed from the mammal and (b) administering the isolated stress protein-peptide complex back to the mammal in order to stimulate in the mammal an immune response against the tumor from which the complex was isolated. Stress protein-peptide complexes having particular utility in the practice of the instant invention include the Hsp70-peptide, Hsp90-peptide and gp96-peptide complexes.

L11 ANSWER 13 OF 14 USPTATFULL  
 97:29572 USPTATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE:  
 INVENTOR(S):  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 Methods and compositions for detecting and treating kidney diseases associated with adhesion of crystals to kidney cells  
 Toback, F. Gary, Chicago, IL, United States  
 Lieske, John C., Evanston, IL, United States  
 ARCH Development Corporation, Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.:  
 DOCUMENT TYPE:  
 FILE SEGMENT:  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER:  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER:  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:  
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS:  
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:  
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:  
 LINE COUNT:  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB An autocrine crystal adhesion inhibitor called CAI is an anionic, static acid-containing glycoprotein secreted by kidney epithelial cells that blocks adhesion of calcium oxalate monohydrate (COM) crystals to the cell surfaces. Persons may be classified according to risk of developing kidney stones, by measuring the amount of CAI in a biological sample. Treatment efficacy is also monitored by this method. CAI is administered in vivo to prevent nephrolithiasis. A rapid, simple assay to detect agents that inhibit adhesion of COM crystals to the surface of kidney epithelial cells is characterized.

L11 ANSWER 14 OF 14 USPTATFULL  
 96:111449 USPTATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE:  
 INVENTOR(S):  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 Delivery of exogenous DNA sequences in a mammal  
 Feigner, Philip L., Rancho Santa Fe, CA, United States  
 Wolff, Jon A., Madison, WI, United States  
 Rhodes, Gary H., Leucadia, CA, United States  
 Malone, Robert W., Chicago, IL, United States  
 Carson, Dennis A., Del Mar, CA, United States  
 VICAL Incorporated, San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, Dane, WI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:  
 APPLICATION INFO.:  
 RELATED APPL. INFO.:  
 DOCUMENT TYPE:  
 FILE SEGMENT:  
 PRIMARY EXAMINER:  
 ASSISTANT EXAMINER:  
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:



NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10 Drawing Figure(s) ; 9 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2572  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Polynucleotide sequences, comprising DNA and RNA molecules can be directly administered, for example by injection, to tissues such as muscle, and expressed as a protein, polypeptide or polypeptide. The polynucleotides can be contained within liposomes or the polynucleotides can free from association with transfection-facilitating proteins, viral particles, liposomal formulations, charged lipids and calcium phosphate precipitating agents.